

Comparative table of NPSFM 2014(2017) and NPSFM 2020 provisions

NPSFM 2014(2017) provision referred to in evidence called by DGC	Comparable NPSFM 2020 provision	Comment
Objective AA1 (M Brass para 25, 185)	Part 1.3 Policy 1 (<i>Note</i> 1)	2020 raises status of Te Mana o te Wai from “consider and recognise” to “give effect to”. Note also that the 2020 single Objective directly reflects Te Mana o te Wai. Note Part 1.3 of the NPSFM 2020 also defines the fundamental concept of Te Mana o Te Wai and the 6 principles relating to the roles of tangata whenua and other New Zealanders in the management of freshwater that inform the NPS.
Policy AA1 (M Brass para 25, 185)	Part 3.2	2020 provides more detail on process for bringing Te Mana o te Wai into RPSs, and raises its status from “consider and recognise” to “give effect to”.
Water Quality Objective A1 (M Brass para 25, 207)	Objective 1	2020 single objective covers both quality and quantity. 2020 replaces “life-supporting capacity...” with “health and well-being of water bodies and freshwater ecosystems”, and places it as higher priority than human health needs and provision for social, economic and cultural well-being.
Water Quality Objective A2 (M Brass para 25, para 165, 207, 236)	Policy 5 Policy 6 Policy 7 Policy 8	2020 separates out the three elements of the 2014(2017) provision, and widens the provisions to apply to all values of rivers and wetlands, not just significant values.
Water Quality Objective A3 (M Brass para 207)	Policy 13 Part 3.27	2020 adds specific provisions for primary contact sites.
Water Quality Objective A4 (M Brass para 207)	Policy 15	2020 adds consideration of social and cultural well-being, not just economic.
Policy A1 (M Brass para 25, 207, 222)	Part 3.3 Subpart 2	2014(2017) has a general requirement for regional plans to be changed in accordance with NPSFM policies, 2020 shifts to more specific detailing of the required plan provisions throughout the NPSFM
Policy A2 (M Brass para 25)	Part 3.20	2020 has more specific requirements to address degradation, and requires regional councils to act “as soon as practicable”, but does not require that councils set a defined timeframe for improvements.
Policy A6 (M Brass para 25)	Part 3.11 Part 3.27	2020 provisions add substantial detail to the setting of target attribute states including how target attribute states will be achieved (3.12), including through setting limits on resource use.
Water Quantity Objective B1 (M Brass para 25)	Objective 1	2020 single objective covers both quality and quantity. 2020 replaces “life-supporting capacity...” with “health and well-being of water bodies and freshwater ecosystems”, and places it as higher priority than human health needs and provision for social, economic and cultural well-being.
Water Quantity Objective B2: (M Brass para 25, 196)	Policy 11	2020 combines consideration of allocation and efficiency into the same provision.
Water Quantity Objective B3:	Policy 11	2020 combines consideration of allocation and efficiency into the same provision.

(M Brass para 25)		
Water Quantity Objective B4: (M Brass para 25)	Policy 6 Policy 7 Policy 8	2020 widens the provisions to apply to all values of rivers and wetlands, not just “significant values of wetlands and outstanding water bodies”.
Policy B1 (M Brass para 25)	Part 3.3 Subpart 2 Part 3.16	2020 shifts from general requirement for regional plans to be changed in accordance with NPSFM policies, to more specific detailing of the required plan provisions throughout the NPSFM
Policy B2 (M Brass para 25)	Part 3.28	2020 adds clarification that efficient allocation of water includes “economic, technical and dynamic efficiency”.
Policy B3 (M Brass para 25)	Part 3.28	2020 separates out decisions on transfers and efficient use into separate limbs of this provision, whereas 2014(2017) incorporated efficient allocation into decisions on transfers.
Policy B4 (M Brass para 25)	Part 3.28	2020 3.28(2) effectively repeats 2014(2017) Policy B4
Policy B5 (M Brass para 25)	Policy 11 Part 3.28 Part 3.29	2020 sets the overall requirement for addressing over-allocation in Policy 11, with implementation measures spread through other provisions
Policy B6 (M Brass para 25, 196)	Policy 11 Part 3.28 Part 3.29	2020 sets the overall requirement for addressing over-allocation in Policy 11, with implementation measures spread through other provisions
Integrated Management Objective C1: (M Brass para 25, 207)	Policy 3	2020 provision very similar to 2014(2017)
Policy C1 (M Brass para 25, 207, 222)	Part 3.5	2020 provides additional detail on implementation of integrated management
Policy C2 (M Brass para 25, 207, 222)	Part 3.5	2020 provides additional detail on implementation of integrated management
Policy CA2 (M Brass para 37)	Subpart 2	2020 provides more detail on the process to set freshwater objectives
Tangata whenua roles and interests Objective D1: (M Brass para 25, 185)	Policy 2	Although Policy 2 specifically addresses tangata whenua involvement, this concept applies throughout every step of the NPSFM 2020.
Policy D1 (M Brass para 25, 185,)	Part 3.4	2020 provides additional detail on implementation of tangata whenua involvement
NOF Attributes (M Brass para 149, 168, 224) (K McArthur para 34, 35, 41, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 62, 66, 67, 103, 105, 110, 112, 115, 118, 120, 125, 129, 135, 137, 138, 139, 143, 149, 151, 154, 156, 158, 168, 169, 170, 171, 182)	Subpart 2 Appendix 2A Appendix 2B	2020 provides substantial further detail on NOF attributes, including adding new attributes, further requirements for the process of developing target attribute states and special provisions for attributes affected by nutrients (3.13).

Note 1: Although Part 1.3 and Policy 1 expressly address Te Mana o te Wai, it is a fundamental concept so is equally applicable to all provisions of the NPSFM 2020. This is reflected in Objective 1.