Hi.

Please find attached my submission on Plan Change 7. I wish to be heard in support of my submissions.

Thank you.

Cheers

Graham.

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Graham Fenwick

<b>₄</b> @	Environment Canterbury
	Regional Council

## Submission on Proposed Plan Change 7 to the Canterbury Land and Water Regional Plan

FOR C	FFICE USE O	NLY	
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Submit	ter ID:		
File No	):		

Form 5: Submissions on a Publicly Notified Proposed Policy Statement or Regional Plan under Clause 5 of Schedule 1 of the Resource Management Act 1991

Return your signed submission by 5.00pm Friday 13 September 2019 to:

Proposed Plan Change 7 to the Land and Water Regional Plan Environment Canterbury P O Box 345 Christchurch 8140

Full Name: Graham David Fenwick Organisation*: * the organisation that this submission is made on behalf of Postal Address: 20 Devenzy Place Christchurch 8042	Phone (Hm): のスマ 444 のマス4   Phone (Wk):   Phone (Cell):   027 444 のスス4   Phone (Cell):   027 444 のスス4
Email: grahand akomoana.co.nz	Fax:
Contact name and postal address for service of person mak	ing submission (if different from above).
	+
Trade Competition	
Pursuant to Schedule 1 of the Resource Management Act 199 competition through the submission may make a submission o policy statement or plan that: a) adversely affects the environment; and b) does not relate to trade competition or the effects of trad	1, a person who could gain an advantage in trade nly if directly affected by an effect of the proposed le competition.
Please tick the sentence that applies to you:	
I could not gain an advantage in trade competition through t	this submission; or
I <u>could</u> gain an advantage in trade competition through this	submission.
If you have ticked this box please select one of the follo	owing:
I am directly affected by an effect of the subject	t matter of the submission
☐ I <u>am not</u> directly affected by an effect of the sub	pject matter of the submission
Signature:	Date: 13 Sent 2019
(Signature of person making submission or person authorised to sign on behalf of person m	aking the submission)
Please note:	
(1) all information contained in a submission under the Resource Management Act 1991, inc	cluding names and addresses for service, becomes public information.
L do not wish to be heard in support of my submission; or	
L do wish to be heard in support of my submission; and if	so
I would be prepared to consider presenting my submission, and in	on in a joint case with others making a similar
submission at any hearing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(1) The specific provisions of the Proposed Plan that my submission relates to are:		(2) My submission is that: (include whether you support or oppose the specific provisions or wish to have them amended and the reasons for your views.)		(3) I seek the following decisions from Environment Canterbury:
Section & Page Number	Sub-section/ Point	Oppose/support (in part or full)	Reasons	provision. The more specific you can be the easier it will be for the Council to understand your concerns.)
2: 11	9 Definitions	Partial Support	Given that all water bodies in the region contain indigenous biodiversity, specific clarification here would be very helpful.	Add definition of Water Body, as defined in the RMA & the Canterbury Land and Water Regional Plan (2017): "water body means fresh water or geothermal water in a river, lake, stream, pond, wetland, or aquifer, or any part thereof that is not located
2.44				within the coastal marine area".
2: 11	9 Indigenous Freshwater Species	Partial support	List comprises very few of the region's indigenous freshwater species, notably several described & undescribed invertebrate species that are endemics to small areas within the region. Some	Replace this term with "Significant Habitat of Indigenous Biodiversity". If not, broaden the definition of
	Habitat		of these have very restricted ranges and may be as much at risk as some of the fish species within the proposed list. The term Indigenous Freshwater Species Habitat is neither used	Indigenous Freshwater Species Habitat: <i>"Includes taonga species,</i> species (described & undescribed) of
			nor defined in the Canterbury Land and Water Regional Plan (2017) and in the RMA. The Canterbury Regional Policy	plants, vertebrates and invertebrates that are endemic to the region, and
			Statement use Significant Habitat of Indigenous Biodiversity.	species with regional populations that are nationally significant."
4: 15-16	Table 1	Partial support	There is no table or discussion of freshwater outcomes for	Include a table or discussion of
			Canterbury's groundwater. Groundwater is the region's largest freshwater habitat, underlying >35% of the region's land.	Freshwater Outcomes for Canterbury Groundwater & review this entire
			International science literature and a major report prepared	document (& related Plans &
			specifically for NZ's regional councils	proposed Changes) from the
	5		(https://www.envirolink.govt.nz/assets/Envirolink/Reports/1838-	perspective that groundwaters are
			HZLC143-Groundwater-Ecosystems-Functions-values-impacts-	the region's largest freshwater
			and-management.pdf) reveals that significant biodiversity and	environment with substantial
			functional ecosystems inhabit groundwaters throughout New	

		c —	Zealand and world-wide. It also describes the ecosystem services	biodiversity and important
			performed by this biodiversity and how these are fundamental to	ecosystems.
			human values associated with groundwater. Further, a National	
			Science Challenge project has identified very substantial	
5.			biodiversity inhabiting Canterbury's groundwaters, with many	
			species endemic to one or a few adjacent catchments.	
			Section 30 of the RMA requires "the maintenance of ecosystems	
			in waterbodies" and "the maintenance of indigenous biological	
			diversity" (see Section 1.3.3 (p. 9) of this Plan Change). This new	×
			information and perspective indicates that planning to	
			implement Section 30 of the RMA now requires that	
			groundwaters (specifically included in RMA's definition of Water	
		1	body) and their biodiversity are accorded policy, planning and	P g
			management equivalent to that given to the region's rivers and	5. Contract 10 Con
			lakes.	
4: 18	61	Partial support	Inclusion of groundwaters and all endemic organisms here by	Broaden definitions, as outlined
			defining "Water Body" and "Indigenous Freshwater Species" (as	above.
			discussed above under 2.11) to not exclude indigenous (and	
			endemic) groundwater invertebrate biodiversity seems very	
			important to ensure that species restricted to parts or to one	
			catchment are adequately protected.	×
4: 19	99	Partial support	Because most indigenous species inhabiting an aquifer are	Add a new point: "h. Adverse effects
			endemic to that aquifer, mixing of waters from one aquifer with	on the biodiversity and ecosystem
			another, either directly or indirectly, must be avoided in order to	functioning within the recharged
			ensure "the maintenance of indigenous biological diversity" (see	aquifer from potentially invasive
			Section 1.3.3 (p. 9)) and to maintain each aquifer's unique	(exotic or indigenous) species are
	×		ecosystem. Managed Aquifer Recharge (MAR) has the potential	eliminated".
			to provide a means for species endemic to one aquifer to migrate	
			or be translocated to another hydrologically disconnected	
			aquifer, where, potentially, it may displace a local endemic via	
			competition and/or interbreeding.	

5: 52-53	191	Partial support	Protection of groundwater biodiversity and ecosystems are required for receiving groundwaters to effect the RMA Section 30, further to the above discussion.	Add a further condition to the list of matters for the exercise of discretion: "16. Any adverse effects on groundwater biodiversity, endemic groundwater biodiversity and/or on the groundwater ecosystem functioning."
Section 6 to		Partial support	All other sections of the proposed plan change require review to	
Section 14	1		recommendations outlined in this submission.	
Schedule 8: 201	Groundwater	Partial support	Given the indigenous biodiversity that is endemic to most Canterbury aquifers and the important ecosystem services that these deliver, water quality limits for groundwater should be adjusted to ensure these groundwaters continue to sustain this important biodiversity and ecological functioning. Limit setting for groundwaters is complex, however, because the natural concentration range of key substances (dissolved oxygen, conductivity, nitrate, nitrite, ammonia, etc.) differs widely between aquifers. However, the objective should be to sustain the natural life-supporting capacity of an aquifer by maintaining its quality as near as practical to its natural state. I am no expert in water quality, but note that narrative water quality limits .(referring to natural state) may be appropriate here.	Revise these proposed water quality limits to ensure that an aquifer's water maintains its natural life- sustaining capacity. Considered input from appropriate experts, particularly from qualified experts in invertebrate toxicology, is imperative.
Schedule 32: 218	2. b. iv.	Partial support	See discussion regarding 4.99 above. Adjacent aquifers also should be mapped to confirm that recharge is occurring within an aquifer only, and not between aquifers in order to protect indigenous biodiversity that may be endemic to the recipient aquifer.	Emend point iv: "Rivers, streams, lakes, ponds, wetlands, springs and permanent or intermittent drains, and any boundaries of any separate aquifers;"
Schedule 32: 218	5.	Partial support	Implicit within this requirement is "the maintenance of ecosystems in waterbodies" and "the maintenance of indigenous biological diversity" (see Section 1.3.3 (p. 9) of this Plan Change). However, that intent should be explicit because few people are	Emend point 5 to read: "An assessment of the actual and potential adverse environmental effects (including associated with the construction and operation on

		aware of this endemic indigenous biodiversity and the ecosystem	endemic groundwater biodiversity
		services that it delivers.	and ecosystem functioning, of the
			managed aquifer recharge system,
			and a description of the proposed
			monitoring to avoid, detect, mitigate
			or minimise these risks; and".

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