

Consultee Mr Mark Belton (77596)

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Address Box 34

Lyttelton 8041

Event Name Long-Term Plan 2018-28 Consultation

Submission by Permanent Forests NZ (Mr Mark Belton - 77596)

Submission ID 2018-28 LTP -1566

Response Date 26/03/18 4:39 PM

Consultation Point Whole Plan (View)

Status Processed

Submission Type Web

Version 0.4

Whole Plan Support/Oppose

Please select one of the following:

I generally disagree with the activity proposed for the

Long-Term Plan.

Whole Plan Comments

Please provide any comments.

The LTP is strong on rhetoric, and lacks focus detail on Ecan's primary responsibility areas under the RMA Act



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Submission by Permanent Forests NZ (Mr Mark Belton - 77596)

Submission ID 2018-28 LTP -1575

Response Date 26/03/18 4:46 PM

Consultation Point Rates (View)

Status Submitted

Submission Type Web

Version 0.2

Rates Support/Oppose

See page 16 of the Consultation Document.

Please select one of the following: I disagree with the proposed rates increase of 4.5% for

2018/19.

Rates Comments

Please provide any comments.

Rates increases should be delayed until Ecan performance is improved.

Proposed increases are unjustifiable given Ecan is falling short on delivery in critical areas, and increasing its spend on areas of marginal importance to its core responsibilities.



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Submission ID 2018-28 LTP -1583

Response Date 26/03/18 4:58 PM

Consultation Point Freshwater Management (View)

Status Submitted

Submission Type Web

Version 0.2

Freshwater Management Support/Oppose

See page 6 of the Consultation Document.

Please select one of the following:

I generally disagree with the activity proposed for

Freshwater Management.

Freshwater Management Comments

Please provide any comments.

Freshwater management to maintain and improve water quality needs to be more clearly focused.

First priority should be protection of water quality of the regions aquifers

2nd priority should be water quality protection of high quality streams and rivers and lakes

3rd priority should be naturally eutrophic water bodies such as Forsyth and Ellesmere.

When deterioration of high quality water resources has been arrested and reversed, then the focus can shift more toward recovery of already degraded water bodies.



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Response Date 26/03/18 5:15 PM

Consultation Point Hazards, Risk and Resilience (View)

Status Submitted

Submission Type Web

Version 0.2

Hazards, Risk and Resilience Support/Oppose

See page 10 of the Consultation Document.

Please select one of the following:

I generally disagree with the activity proposed for

Hazards, Risk and Resilience.

Hazards, Risk and Resilience Comments

Please provide any comment.

Where is mention in the LTP of soils, soil conservation, protection of elite soils, soil degradation avoidance, soil health and nutrient status improvement, soil carbon enhancement.

Soils are the basis of the region's landuse based economy...where is the focus on sustaining our soils?

Climate Change Intregation

Each Ecan activity area should be assessed for its GHG emissions trajectory, and priority given strategies in all portfolio areas that can reduce the regions emissions.

Landuse emissions and removals are the biggest item.

Canterbury could establish a million ha of degraded grasslands in forest, and sequester and store a billion tonnes of CO2, equivalent to about 100 years of the regions emissions at current rates. Forests would deliver soil fertility improvement, soil erosion protection, wildlife habitat, and sustainable timber production in addition to carbon storage.