fully discretionary activity). Contaminants from the hatchery would require a resource consent under Rule 5.5 (being a
apply to any contaminant discharge. Under the Regional wide provisions, any discharge of
that the Regional wide policies and rules of the Proposed land & Water Plan would otherwise
The policy was not intended to address any associated contaminant discharge on the basis
6.

Hatchery.

the minimum flow within the water body, as is the case with NZ King Salmons Tentinum
where the water is discharged back to the water body after use thereby having no effect on
The policy was intended to provide for Groundwater takes which are stream depleting but
Proposed Policy for Non-Consumptive Groundwater Takes

4.

This brief of supplementary evidence responds to the Commissioners Request.

3.

Discharge associated with the return of water to the water body.
The Commissioners asked NZ King Salmon to consider changes to address any contaminant

3.

Body.

greater than 5 L/s where the water taken is directly returned to the surface water,

Endeavour Groundwater takes which have a direct or high stream depletion effect.

Salmon had sought in its submission to address non-consumptive Groundwater takes:

adversers to consider amendments to the wording of the following new policy that NZ King

During the course of its evidence, the Commissioner asked that NZ King Salmon and its

2.

Proposed LWPA

New Zealand King Salmon Co Ltd in support of its submissions on Variation I to the

At the hearing on the 14th of October 2014, Jon Bailey presented evidence on behalf of the

Introduction

Supplementary Evidence of NZ King Salmon Co, Ltd

Variation I to the Proposed Canterbury Land and Water Plan
On behalf of NZ King Salmon

Groundwater to a waterbody does so without resulting in significant adverse effects, including minimizing effects under policy 4.3.2 to ensure that the return of any abstracted groundwater into surface waters results in a discharge that does not cause unacceptable effects.

Overall, the requirement for resource consent for any containment discharge under the region's policies requires that:

- meets the receiving water standards in Schedule 5,
- in the case of surface water, results in a discharge that is not unreasonable mixing to treat contaminating or a designed treatment system prior to discharge, and
- finally, wherever practical utilize long-based treatment, or a wetland constructed.

Thirdly, minimise the volume or amount of the discharge or
- secondly, reduce or recycles the contaminant.
- firstly, reduce the production of the contaminant.

measures that.

policy 4.3.2 applies, the effects of any discharge are minimised by the use of other discharges of contaminating into one land where it may enter water or surface waters or groundwater.

Requiring consideration of any resource consent for a containment discharge, specifically policy 4.3.2.

The proposed changes would require any containment discharge to be managed in accordance with policy 4.3.

Body and the effects of any associated containment discharge are minimised in

greater than 7/15, where the water taken is directly returned to the surface water.

NZ King Salmon therefore proposes that the proposed policy be amended as follows (additions shown in bold):

NZ King Salmon however accepts that there would be merit in providing a clearer connection